The Caledonian Mercury.

No. 11,970.] EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 7. 1798. [PRICE SIXPENCE.

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THE PEASANTS OF SUABIA,
During the Invaſion of Germany in 1796:—ſelected and tranſlated from a well authenticated German Publication,
BY ANTHONY AUFRERE, ESQ.
With ſome Extracts from the Tranſlator's Addreſs to the People of Great Britain.

"For they ſleep not, except they have done miſchief; and their ſleep is taken away, unleſs they cauſe ſome to fall: For they eat the bread of wickedneſs, and drink the wine of violence."—*Prov. iv.* 16, 17.

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Very beſt FINE CLOTHS of all the Colours now in wear.
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There is to be Let at Martinmas next, and may be entered to immediately,
A GRASS PARK, of nearly nine acres, lying ſouth weſt of Edinburgh, and within a mile thereof.
The graſs is good, and its ſituation and vicinity to this city, make it very advantageous to dealears, eſpecially from the ſouth and weſt, who may bring their cattle from a diſtance, and not get them ſold the firſt Wedneſday after they are expoſed, ſo that by having the park, they can keep their cattle there till next market day, without being obliged, perhaps, to drive them to a diſtance, whereby the cattle will not only be reſted, but conſiderably benefited.
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Subſcriptions will be received by Meſſ. Bell and Bradfute, J. Dickſon, W. Creech, P. Hill, and Manners and Miller, Edinburgh; and the different bookſellers in the country.
Berwick-upon-Tweed, May 1798.

MID-LOTHIAN MILITIA.
JEDBN. JUNE 4. 1798.
IN purſuance of the Militia Acts, and order of his Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy Council, the Lord Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants of this County, at a General Meeting held this day, appointed the SECOND BALLOTING for the different Pariſhes from amongſt thoſe already Balloted, to take place as follows:

At St Cuthbert's Church, on Friday firſt, the 8th day of June inſtant at nine o'clock forenoon,

For the Pariſhes of		
Cramond	Kirknewton and	Corſtorphine
St Cuthbert's	Eaſt-Calder	Currie
Collington	Part of South	Ratho
Mid-Calder	Leith	Weſt-Calder.

And, at the Maſon Lodge, Dalkeith, on Friday the ſaid 8th day of June inſtant, at one o'clock afternoon,

For the Pariſhes of		
Borthwick	Libberton	Glencorſe
Carrington	Dalkeith	Laſſwade
Cockpen	Crichton	Newton
Stow	Temple	Duddingſton
Pennycuik	Newbottle	Fala
Inverleſk	Herriot	Cranſton.

By order of the General Meeting,
BUCCLEUCH, Lord Lieutenant.
WILL MACFARLANE, C. G. M.

N.B.—The Schoolmaſter's and Conſtables are deſired to attend. Such perſons as may not be prepared with Subſtitutes, will be allowed a reaſonable time to procure them.

STIRLINGSHIRE.
HIS Grace the DUKE of MONTROSE, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stirling, having received his Majeſty's order in Council for immediately embodying and calling out in the County of Stirling One Hundred and Six men as Militia, hereby gives notice, That the SECOND BALLOT for each Pariſh of the different Diſtricts of the County will take place at the town-houſe of Stirling on Tueſday the 12th of June inſtant, at eleven o'clock forenoon.—The men ſo balloted, or Subſtitutes prepared, to join the Regiment immediately, may remain at Stirling on pay from the date of the ſaid Second Ballot,
Stirling, June 5. 1798. } THO. WINGATE, Clk. of G. M.

ARGYLL-SHIRE.
HIS Grace the DUKE of ARGYLL, his Majeſty's Hereditary Lieutenant of Argyllſhire, having received the Order of his Majeſty in Council, for calling out a certain portion of the Militia of Scotland, hereby intimates to the Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, &c. of Argyllſhire, that a General Meeting of Lieutenancy is to be held at Inveraray, on Wedneſday the 20th current, for the purpoſe of appointing ſubdiviſion meetings for carrying the ſaid order into execution.
Inveraray, 2d June, 1798.

MILITIA SUBSTITUTES.
A HANDSOME BOUNTY will be given to Young Men of character, who are willing to ſerve as SUBSTITUTES in the MILITIA of SCOTLAND. Apply to
ROBERT ALLAN, Sun Fire Office;—or } Merchants,
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☞ None but Natives of Great Britain will be received.

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SUCH Young Men as are inclined to ſerve as Subſtitutes in the Militia for Scotland, will receive a handſome Bounty by applying to

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N. B.—Thoſe ſerving in the Militia will, beſides their bounty, be entitled to ſundry privileges and advantages in conſequence of their ſervice.

NOTICE.
THE Creditors of the late JOHN CAMPBELL of Newfield, Eſq. are requeſted to meet by themſelves, or their agents, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, on Thurſday the 14th June, at two o'clock afternoon.

—CARD—
GILCHRIST and CO. have juſt now received a large ſupply of Chip, Leghorn, and Straw HATS, of the moſt elegant workmanſhip and neweſt patterns; among which they ſolicit the attention of the Ladies to the beautiful ROSINA HATS, of which they have an excellent choice.
Gallery of Faſhion, High Street, June 7. 1798.

BY HIS MAJESTY's PATENT.
TO THE LADIES.
ARCHIBALD GIBSON has juſt got in hand, A freſh ſupply of Le Brunes Patent STRAW HATS, which have been ſo generally admired for their novelty and elegance; likewiſe a beautiful choice of all the different kinds of Straw Hats and Bonnets at preſent wore in London, including the Shepperdeſs, Rozina, and other new ſhapes.
Dollmans Beaver Hats entirely new,
Patent Net Cloaks, Vails, and Laces.
Flowers, Feathers, Fancy Articles, &c. &c.
Printed Callicoes and Muſlins in greater variety, and in a ſtile of elegance ſeldom to be met with.
London made SHOES, SLIPPERS, &c.
MILLENERY WORK done in the neateſt manner.
SOUTH BRIDGE STREET.

COUNTY OF FORFAR.
FORFAR, 22d May, 1798.
THE COMMISSIONERS of SUPPLY for the County of Forfar, having met here this day, in the County-hall, and judged in a number of appeals againſt the charges made by the Surveyor on the Contribution Act, the Commiſſioners adjourned the meeting to the 25th day of June next, in order to judge of ſuch appeals as may be lodged with the clerk of ſupply, on or before the 22d of that month. Perſons appealing as to income will take notice, that along with their appeals muſt be lodged declarations and affidavits as to the amount of their free income, according to the form preſcribed by the Act of Parliament, and that the affidavit muſt be made before two Juſtices of the Peace, or two Commiſſioners of Supply, in terms of the act.
PETER RANKEN, Clk.

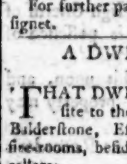
TO BE SOLD,
IN WHOLE, OR IN SEPARATE LOTS,
If more agreeable to Intending Purchaſers,
A Great Quantity of STONES, fit for building every kind of maſon work.
They are lying immediately weſt of of the Parliament Houſe, and are the property of the Faculty of Advocates.
For further particulars, apply to Edward Bruce, clerk to the ſignet.

A DWELLING-HOUSE TO BE SOLD.
TO BE SOLD,
THAT DWELLING-HOUSE in Nicolſon's Street, oppoſite to the Riding Academy, at preſent poſſeſſed by W. Balderſtone, Eſq. clerk to the ſignet, conſiſting of ſeven fire-rooms, beſides kitchen and garrets, and a back area, with cellars.
Mr Balderſtone will give the neceſſary information.
Not to be repeated.

TO BE LET,
For Three Years from Martinmas 1798,
THE MANSION-HOUSE, OFFICE-HOUSES, GARDEN, ORCHARD, and PARKS of CAMBUSWALLACE, conſiſting of 41 acres of ground and upwards of Scots meaſure.
The ſituation is well known to be healthy and pleaſant, in the heart of a fine ſporting country, on the ſouth ſide of the high road betwixt Callander and Down, in the ſtewartry of Monteith, and county of Perth, one mile weſt of Down, and eight miles from the town of Stirling.—Theſe ſubjects are in good repair, and capable to lodge any genteel family.
Mr Burn, writer in Stirling, is empowered to let the ſame.
Not to be repeated.

SCOTT's FLESH-COLOUR DYE.
THIS DYE gives the moſt beautiful Fleſh-Colour to ſilk, cotton, linen, calico, muſlin, perſian, tiffany, gauze, &c. It is ſo ſimple to uſe that the moſt untaught ſervant cannot miſtake, and the whole proceſs may begin and finiſh in half an hour. This faſhionable colour is now rapidly appearing on the ſtage, and in all polite circles, in ſilk and cotton ſtockings, gloves, muſlins, gauzes, and ſundry other articles of dreſs.
Prepared and ſold wholeſale and retail, by the inventor, JOHN SCOTT, water-colour preparer, No. 417. oppoſite the Adelphi, in the Strand, London;—Price Two Shillings the Bottle, with proper directions, which is ſufficient to dye a large quantity. To be had in Edinburgh, of
Mr R. SCOTT, Apothecary, South Bridge,
And Mr A. SMITH, North Bridge.
Likewiſe, Scott's Liquid True Blue; Scott's Nankeen Dye; Scott's Prepared Water-Colours in cakes, &c. Sold at the manufactory as above; and wholeſale by Meſſ. Champante and Whitrow, Jewry Street, Aldgate.

FORBES's PECTORAL LOZENGES,
AN Effectual Remedy for the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROATS, HOARSENESS, and all Diſorders of the BREAST and LUNGS.
They give ſpeedy relief in Aſthmatic and Conſumptive Habits—they admirably allay the tickling which excites frequent coughing, and ſheathe the acrimonious humours occaſioning the ſame. One or two put into the mouth before riſing in the morning, will prevent the troubleſome coughs which many are ſubject to at that time, and the ſame when going to bed. In ſhort, whoever uſes them once, will be more ſenſible of their good effects than by any deſcription that can be given.
Prepared by A. FORBES, Surgeon and Apothecary, late of Fleet-ſtreet, London; and ſold (by particular appointment of the proprietor) in wholeſale and retail
BY R. SCOTT, DRUGGIST, SOUTH BRIDGE.
Meſſ. Huſband, Elder & Co.—Mr William Raeburn, and Mr Andrew Smith, Edinburgh—and alſo in Perth, by Mr Jas Murray and Mr Alexander Aliſon, High Street—at Dundee by Mr Dick ſurgeon—and at Cupar, by Mr Dempſter ſurgeon—in boxes, price 1s. 1½d. duty included.



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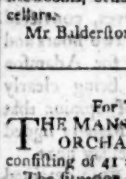
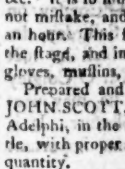
A Conſtant Trader.
THE SLOOP WILLIAM & JOHN
HUNTER Maſter,
now in Leith harbour, will take in goods till the 16th inſt. when ſhe will clear, and poſitively ſail.
For goods or paſſage, apply to the Maſter on board, or William Hunter, ſhipmaſter, St Andrew's Street, Leith.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Berwick Old Shipping Co's Smacks,
LONDON & BERWICK PACKET,
Captain WARD,——and
BERWICK MERCHANTS,
Captain WHITE.
The former will ſail to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock; and the latter will take in goods all Saturday, and ſail on Sunday at 11 o'clock forenoon. W. GRINLY, Agent.
LEITH, Thurſday, June 7. 1789.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Union Shipping Co's Armed Smacks,
GLASGOW PACKET,
JAMES TAYLOR Maſter,
AND
COLDSTREAM PACKET,
FRANCIS ORD Maſter,
Will take in goods, the Glaſgow till Saturday evening, and ſail on Sunday at ten o'clock forenoon; and the Coldſtream till Wedneſday at noon, when ſhe will ſail.
Union Shipping Company's Office, }
LEITH, 7th June, 1798. }

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
TWO YOUNG LADS, to ſerve as Apprentices in a reſpectable Linen-Draper's Shop in Edinburgh. They can be cheaply and conveniently lodged or boarded under the immediate eye of their maſter, and the greateſt attention will be paid to their morals.—Should they continue after their apprenticeſhip, the beſt encouragement will be given, on condition of their good behaviour.——Young lads from the country will be preferred.
Apply to the publiſher.

A SCHOOLMASTER WANTED
FOR the Town of LEVEN, and Pariſh of Scoonie, in Fifeſhire, properly qualified to teach Engliſh, Latin, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, the practical parts of Mathematics, Navigation, and Church-muſic.
The town of Leven is very populous, and the number formerly attending this ſchool was from 80 to 120 ſcholars.
The ſalary paid by the heritors is conſiderable; and as it is propoſed to augment the ſchool fees, the place, with other emoluments which are conſiderable, may be eſtimated at Sixty Pounds a-year, or upwards.
There is beſides a free Houſe and Garden; and the ſituation is ſuch as many reſpectable maſt eligible for boarders.
Application may be made to Teilie Grandiſon, Leven; and none need apply who cannot produce ſatisfying certificates, both as to moral character and ſucceſs in teaching. Candidates having a view to the miniſtry will not be admitted.
Candidates are requeſted to attend at the ſchool-houſe for examination, on the firſt Tueſday of July next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, previous to which the neceſſary certificates muſt be lodged.
Leven, 5th June, 1798.

FARM
IN THE COUNTY OF EDINBURGH.
To be LET, and entered to at Martinmas next,
THE FARM of SAUCHENSIDE, in the pariſh of Cranſton, conſiſting of about 100 acres Scotch meaſure, all arable and incloſed.
It is pleaſantly ſituated, about nine miles from Edinburgh, and only three from Dalkeith, one of the beſt markets in Scotland. The great high road from thence to Kelſo, runs through the farm.
There is a Lime Quarry in the immediate neighbourhood, on which the tenant will have a ſervitude; and coal is wrought on the lands.
Apply to James Walker, W. S. George Street, Edinburgh.

A FARM TO LET,
IN MID LOTHIAN.
THE EAST FARM of CLIFTON, for 19 years from Martinmas next, conſiſting of 151 acres arable land, or there by, Scots meaſure, all incloſed with hedge and ditch, or ſunk fences. The land is in excellent condition, having been in the proprietor's hands ſeveral years, and about 80 acres lately limed. It is ſituated nine miles weſt from Edinburgh, between the two Glaſgow roads, and about a mile from three different lime works.
Thoſe wiſhing farther information, may apply to the proprietor at Cliſton Hall, or John Hunter, overſeer there.—Offers in writing may be given to the former.

A FARM TO LET
In the county of Fife, immediately adjoining to the town of St Andrews, to be entered to at Martinmas firſt.
THE Lands of PILMOR and PILMOR LINKS, conſiſting of about 280 acres, about 160 acres whereof are at preſent arable; a conſiderable part more may be improved at a very ſmall expence. The remainder of the lands are now uſed as a ſheep walk, and one of the beſt in this country for that purpoſe, as it is not only a dry ſituation, but there is a abundance of ſhelter for the ſheep at all ſeaſons.
Any intending offerers will pleaſe give in their propoſals to Mr Erſkine of Cambo, the proprietor; Mr John Campbell, jun. W. S. Edinburgh; or to Mr Stenart Grace, town-clerk of St Andrews.

FARM AND MILL TO LET.
TO be Let for ſuch number of years as may be agreed on, not exceeding 19, the SHEEP FARM OF CRAIGINAN, on the ſouth ſide of the Ochill hills, in the pariſh of Dollar, and ſhire of Clackmannan. It contains about 850 acres.
Alſo the Banks of Dollar, in the ſame pariſh, conſiſting of 680 acres or thereby, partly paſture and partly arable lands.
Likewiſe the Mill and Mill Lands of Muckart, which laſt are bounded by the water of Dovan, and the lands conſiſt of 58 acres or thereby.
The Mill is well ſupplied with water, and the thirlage is extenſive, having the whole of the large pariſh of Muckart. The entry to the mill, kiln, houſes, and yards at Lammas 1798, and to the lands at Martinmas thereafter. The entry to the farm of Craiginan at Martinmas 1798, and to the Banks of Dollar at Martinmas 1799.
The farms, and mill, and plan, and boundaries will be ſhewn by William Hally, baron-officer at Dollar; and for further particulars application may be made to Mr Ferrier, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, or to Mr Beatſon, Lochgelly by Kinghorn.

FARM AND MILLS IN WEST LOTHIAN.
To LET for 19 years and entered to at Martinmas firſt 1798,
THE FARM and MILLS at Cramond Bridge, with the thirlage of the Baronies of CRAIGIEHALL and LENY, as preſently poſſeſſed by John Telfer. The Farm contains about 47 acres Scots meaſure, to which 12 acres more can be added; the whole is well incloſed and ſubdivided, the ſoil well adapted for wheat, barley, turnip, or graſs. On the premiſſes there is a corn, a flour, and a barley mill, plentifully ſupplied with water at all ſeaſons, being ſituated on the water of Almond, and within a few yards of the turnpike road leading from Edinburgh and Leith to Queenſferry; diſtant from Edinburgh and Leith little more than five miles, and from Queenſferry about three miles. The Farm and Mills will be ſhewn by applying to Robert Dryſdale at Craigiehall, and offers received by Mr James Walker, W. S. Georges-ſtreet, or James Thomſon, factor at Craigiehall.

CAPITAL VILLA NEAR EDINBURGH.
TO BE SET OR SOLD,
—And Entered to immediately—
THE HOUSE of BELLEVUE, with the grounds, garden, coach houſes, ſtables, poultry-houſes, gardener's-houſe, ſhrubbery, pleaſure grounds, and whole appurtenances belonging thereto, all as lately poſſeſſed by Mrs Scott of Balcomie, and laſt by the Duke of Argyll. The houſe is finiſhed in the moſt complete manner.
The ſituation is remarkably pleaſant and romantic, poſſeſſing the beauty of the country and all the conveniencies of a town's reſidence, being within a few minutes walk of the New Town of Edinburgh. The houſe commands a delightful proſpect of the frith of Forth and country adjacent. The hot-houſes, greenhouſe and garden, are well ſtocked with fruit trees and ſhrubs of the beſt kinds. The grounds are divided into ſmall fields and are well incloſed, and are ornamented with thriving plantations—in ſhort the whole premiſſes are finiſhed and fitted up in a ſtile that is ſeldom to be ſeen in this country.
The FURNITURE is elegant, and will be let along with premiſſes, and the tenant will alſo get ſuch part of the grounds as he may want, at a fair and reaſonable rent. A great part of the furniture, if the purchaſer ſhould want it, will be ſold along with the houſe.
If the premiſſes are not ſoon ſet or ſold, the Proprietor's agent will be ready to treat with builders and others for feus of thoſe parts of the grounds which are ſituated near to York-place, and to the weſt of the houſe of Bellevue.
Tickets for viewing the houſe, &c. will be delivered to thoſe who intend to take or purchaſe the premiſſes, by applying at the office of James Walker, W. S. The houſe will be ſhewn by the houſe-keeper at Bellevue, and the gardens and grounds by Thomas Henderſon gardener.
And any perſon who may incline to take, purchaſe, or feu the whole, or any part of the premiſſes, may apply to Mr Walker.

London Gazette Extraordinary, June 1.

WHITEHALL, June 1, 1798.

A DISPATCH, of which the following is a copy, has been this day received from his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland by his Grace the Duke of Portland, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Dublin Castle, May 28. 1798, Half past Four o'Clock, P. M.

MY LORD,

INTELLIGENCE has been received that the insurrection is spreading southward, and it has broke out in great force in the county of Wexford; and I have to inform your Grace, with infinite concern, that the rebels in that quarter have assembled in great force, that they have cut off a party of one hundred men of the North Cork Militia, who were sent to meet them. Colonel Foote, who has returned to Wexford, states the numbers of the rebels to be at least four thousand, and a great number of them mounted. Measures are taken to march against this body, and I hope they will be met and defeated.

I have received accounts from Colonel Campbell, at Athy, between whom and General Dundas the communication has been stopped, that he has had partial engagements with the rebels; that at Monastereven and Carlow they have been defeated, and four hundred killed at the latter place, and fifty at the former. He also informs General Lake, that his men are in high spirits. I will not close this letter till the last moment of the mail leaving Dublin, that I may give your Grace the last information. I am, &c. CAMDEN.

Nine o'Clock, P. M.

No further accounts have been received from the country since the middle of the day. General Lake went to Naas last night, and is not yet returned.

I inclose your Grace the publication put forth this day by the Roman Catholics.

To such of the Deluded People now in Rebellion against his Majesty's Government in this Kingdom, as profess the ROMAN CATHOLIC RELIGION.

THE under-signed Roman Catholics of Ireland, see themselves earnestly called on to remonstrate with such of the deluded people of that persuasion, as are now engaged in open rebellion against his Majesty's Government, on the wicked tendency and consequences of the conduct which they have embraced. They apprehend, with equal horror and concern, that such deluded men, in addition to the crime committed against the allegiance which they owe to his Majesty, have in some instances attempted to give to their designs a colour of zeal for the religion which they profess!—The undersigned profess equally with them the Roman Catholic religion; some of them are Bishops of that persuasion; others are heads of the leading families who profess that religion, and others are men of the same persuasion, who, by an honourable industry have, under the Constitution now sought to be subverted, raised themselves to a situation which affords them, in the most extensive sense, all the comforts of life. The undersigned of each description concur in entreating such of the deluded, who have taken up arms against the established Government, or entered into engagements tending to that effect, to return to their allegiance—and by relinquishing the treasonable plans in which they are engaged, to entitle themselves to that mercy which their lawful Governors anxiously wish to extend to them; a contrary conduct will inevitably subject them to the loss of life and property, and expose their families to ignominy and beggary—whilst at the same time, it will throw on the religion, of which they profess to be advocates, the most indelible stain; on this point, the unfortunately deluded will do well to consider, whether the true interests and honour of the Roman Catholic religion are likely to be most considered by the Bishops of that persuasion—by the ancient families who profess that religion, and who have resisted every temptation to relinquish it—by men who, at once professing it, and submitting to the present Constitution, have arrived at a state of affluence which gratifies every wish; or by a set of desperate and profligate men, availing themselves of the want of education and experience in those who they seek to use as instruments for gratifying their own wicked and interested views: at all events, the undersigned feel themselves bound to rescue their names, and as far as in them lies, the religion which they profess, from the ignominy which each would incur from an appearance of acquiescence in such criminal and irreligious conduct;—and they hesitate not to declare, that the accomplishment of the views of the deluded of their persuasion, if effected, must be effected by the downfal of the clergy—of the ancient families—and respectable commercial men of the Roman Catholic religion.

The undersigned individuals of each of which description, hereby publicly declare their determination, to stand or fall with the present existing Constitution.

Fingall	Val. O'Connor
Southwell	Tho. Fitzsimon
Gormanstown	Phil. Lawless
Kenmare	Barry Lawless
Sir Edward Bellew	Sir Tho. Burke
Malachi Donelan	Gerald Boggett
William Bellew	George Jool
Morgan Kavenagh	Robt. French
Gerald Aylmer	R. S. Hearty
Mathew Donelan	John White
Francis Bellew	D. O'Connell
James Farrell	

Richard O'Reilly, D. D. Armagh
Boetius Egan, D. D. Antrim
Denis Maguire, D. D. Kilmore
Anthony Coyle, D. D. Raphoe
Mathew Lennan, D. D. Dromore
John Cruise, D. D. Ardagh
—— M'Mullen, D. D. Down and Connor
Dominick Bellew, D. D. Kilalla
Thomas Costelloe, D. D. Clonfert
Edward French, D. D. Elphin
Thomas O'Connor, D. D. Achonry
Ed. Dillon, D. D. Kilmacd. and Kilfen
Charles O'Reilly, D. D.
John Dillon, D. D.
J. Joyse, D. D. Galway
P. J. Plunkett, D. D. Meath
Hugh O'Reilly, D. D. Clogher
Laurence Griffin, Dr. Sorbonne
John Thomas Troy, D. D. Dublin
Thomas Bray, D. D. Cashell
Mich. P. M'Mahon, D. D. Killaloe
Francis Moylan, D. D. Cork
D. Delany, D. D. Leighlin and Kildare
James Caulfield, D. D. Ferns
M. Coppinger, D. D. Cloyne
James Lanigan, D. D. Ossory
John Young, D. D. Limerick
C. O'Donnell, of Derry, D. D.
C. Sahrue, D. D. Ardfert and Aghadoe
Rev. Peter Flood. D. D. President of the Royal College St Patrick at Maynooth, for himself, the professors and students of said college.

Whitehall, June 2, 1798.

A Dispatch, of which the following is a copy, has been this day received from his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, by his Grace the Duke of Portland, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Dublin Castle, May 29. 1798.

MY LORD,

I HAVE only time to inform your Grace, that I learn from General Dundas, that the rebels in the Curragh of Kildare have laid down their arms, and delivered up a number of their leaders.

By a dispatch I have this instant received, I have the further pleasure of acquainting your Grace, that Sir James Duff, who with infinite alacrity and address, has opened the communication with Limerick, (that with Cork being already open) had arrived at Kildare whilst the rebels had possession of it, completely routed them, and taken the place.

I have the honour to be, &c.

CAMDEN.

P. S. The South is entirely quiet, and the rebels in the neighbourhood of Dublin, are submitting and delivering up their arms.

[This Gazette also contains an official report from Major-General Sir James Duff, which appeared in our last. As also accounts of the capture of La Violetta, French privateer sloop, of six guns and 36 men, by the Amphitrite, Captain Ekins——the Jeune Nantaize, French privateer, of four guns and 39 men, by the Garland, Mr Francis Banks, tender to the Prince of Wales——La Revanche, French schooner privateer, of twelve guns and 88 men; the St Antonia, Spanish schooner, of six guns; Le Brutus, French privateer, of six guns and 50 men; Les Huit Amis, French ship privateer, of 20 guns and 160 men; by the Endymion, Capt. Williams.]

London.

JUNE 4.

On Saturday the Duke of Portland, the Marquis of Titchfield, Lord Edward Bentinck, Lord William Bentinck, Captain Bentinck, and Charles Cavendish Bentinck, Esq. withdrew their names from the Whig Club. William Baldwin, Esq. also withdrew his name.

The Duke of Portland and his family have not been present at the Whig Club since the month of March 1793.

Mr Pitt continues very indisposed; and it is said the Bath waters are recommended to him.

Mr Stewart, lately taken into custody on a warrant from the Duke of Portland, was lately High Sheriff of the County of Armagh, in Ireland, and is possessed of a considerable fortune.

We understand that a plan has been hit upon, and is now under consideration, whereby all property may be taxed according to its value.

Friday, a Council was held to receive the Recorder's report of Adamson, Wilkinson, and Reeves, convicted of forgery—the deliberations lasted above two hours and a half, great interest having been made for Adamson and Wilkinson. The cases, however, being clearly made out, the Council were decidedly of opinion that the law ought to take its course, and his Majesty signed the warrant for their execution on Wednesday next.

On Saturday evening the mail coaches were detained till half past nine o'clock, by directions from the Secretary of State, for the purpose of conveying the London Gazette, which was not ready for publication till a considerable time after the usual hour.

The person who revealed the whole plan of the Irish conspiracy to Government is said to have arrived in town yesterday from Dublin. He is come to reside in England on a pension of 300l.

In a Sunday paper of yesterday, there is a very prominent account of the execution of Mr O'Coigley on Pennenden Heath, near Maidstone, on Saturday, describing the firmness and bravery with which he met his fate. It so happens however, that Mr O'Coigley is alive, and it is not even known when he may meet his fate, he having been respited during pleasure. It is reported that he has offered to make some important confessions to Government.

The Lord Mayor has given orders that no press-gangs shall take any persons in the city until past 10 o'clock at night, and then to take such as appear disorderly, or who cannot give a satisfactory account of themselves.

The duel between Mr Pitt and Mr Tierney was fought near Abershaw's gibbet on Putney Heath. The Speaker, Mr Whitbread, and Mr Grey, as well as two surgeons, were stationed near the spot. Mr Pitt went to the ground, accompanied by Mr Ryder, in a hack post-chaise; Mr Tierney, with Colonel Walpole, in a hackney coach. Nearly an hour was spent in endeavouring to bring about a reconciliation before the duel commenced. After the second fire, the seconds insisted that the affair should terminate; and, after a long consultation between the seconds (during which time the two combatants were left in conversation together) the account which has appeared in the different papers was drawn up. Mr Pitt and Mr Tierney shook hands before they left the ground. Mr T. sent a note to the Minister on Friday, as soon as he left the House of Commons. The time and place of meeting was appointed by Mr Pitt.

Colonel Tarleton was the gentleman first applied to by Mr Tierney to be his second, but he declined it, as not chusing to be engaged in such a business. Mr Steele was also sent for by Mr Pitt, to be his second, but he was out of town.

The Triton, Osborne, from Savannah to Martinique, an American vessel, is taken by a French privateer, and the crew have been put to death under singular circumstances. The Triton, a well-armed merchant vessel, was met by a French privateer, which, wishing to seize her, was, after a smart action, beat off. A second French privateer, in company with the other, afterwards attacked the Triton in her retreat, and was beat off also. The first privateer again came up with the Triton, when after a smart action, the Triton was boarded, and, in a scuffle about striking the colours of the American ship, her Captain shot at the French Commander, in consequence of which the whole crew of the Triton were put to death.

Lieutenant Skinner of the Navy arrived yesterday morning at the Admiralty from Admiral Kingsmill, with the dispatches which were thrown overboard from the Spanish packet taken by the Endymion, on her passage from the Havannah to Madrid. There were seven boxes full of letters.

Monday the attention of Sir Richard Strachan was withdrawn from the bombardment of Havre by a dispatch from St Marcou, announcing that the flotilla collected at La Hogue for the attack of those islands had rendezvoused between Tathou and the Main, and afterwards proceeded full of men round Cape Barfleur, for the purpose, as was supposed, of attacking Guernsey, Jersey, or Alderney. Sir Richard immediately pursued, and compelled them to take shelter in Cherbourg. At the same period the camp which had been formed between La Hogue and St Var was broken up, and the troops marched towards Cherbourg. Twelve flats, part of La Hogue flotilla, had returned to Isigny river.

This movement has induced much conjecture. It is highly probable that the whole is a feint to deceive the vigilant and gallant defenders of St Marcou.

On Monday evening last a beautiful young woman, about 20 years of age, elegantly dressed, was seen going to Vauxhall, accompanied by an officer much older than herself. She was discovered about half after five on Tuesday morning in a pond in a piece of waste ground, within about twenty yards of the road; and as her figure and appearance had attracted the notice of the people, she was immediately recognized to be the stranger who passed the evening before. Her dress was a white muslin gown, a gypsey hat, and a fashionable wig, and the body, when taken out, felt quite warm, and might have been probably restored to life, if medical assistance had been given. It was at first removed to the Black Prince, and it was afterwards thought expedient to remove it to the bone-house near Lambeth Church, where an inquest was held on it on Thursday, at three o'clock. Upon this occasion one of the two surviving sisters of the deceased, swore her name was Harriet Benson, and that they lived in John-street, Tottenham-court-road; that they were at Vauxhall on Monday night, where they were prevailed on to drink so much, that they became intoxicated, and missed each other in leaving the place. There was no mark of violence whatever on the body, nor had she any thing valuable on her person, except her dress, to tempt a robber. Under these circumstances the Jury found a verdict of—*Accidental Death.*

A hearse was yesterday sent for the body, in which it was carried away at nine o'clock in the morning.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 29.

A letter from Marseilles, of the 5th of May, states, that the day before, two half brigades, a regiment of dragoons, and another of cavalry, were embarked, but that, the following morning, a counter order came for them to return. This embarkation was, it is supposed, for the grand expedition.

The three months Presidence of Merlin having expired, Rewbell succeeds him as President of the Directory.

The Executive Directory, willing to give a new proof of its sincerity towards its allies, has issued orders to the French troops to march to the assistance of the King of Sardinia against the insurgents.

It is now certain that the Pope will go from Tuscany into Spain, and not into the states of the Emperor, as had been reported.

We are informed that Buonaparte assured his wife, when she disembarked, that he would see her again soon.

MESSAGE.

From the Executive Directory to the Council of Elders, of the 24th May.

Citizen Representatives,

England has hazarded a new expedition, which has ended only in its disgrace.

On the morning of the 19th May, an English fleet appeared before Ostend, and bombarded that city violently. Protected by the fire of the fleet, their boats disembarked 4000 men, who took possession of the shore, threw up batteries there, and attempted to blow up the sluices of Sas, of Slyken, and the gates of Ostend. The enemy summoned the place to surrender within half an hour. The garrison consisted only of 30 men. "You shall never become masters of the port which is intrusted to me," said the brave commander Muscar, "until my garrison and I shall be buried in the ruins." Republicans are unable to confine themselves to defensive operations. On the 20th, at break of day, 300 men only of the 46th and 94th demi-brigades, conducted by Keller commandant of the town of Bruges, marched to the English column. They attacked with an ardour and an intrepidity which partook of the nature of a prodigy; the courage of Republicans always increases in proportion to the number of their enemies. The entrenchment thrown up against them soon gave way, and after two hours fighting, the English, being entirely routed, threw down their arms.—The bombardment which had recommenced ceased; from 1500 to 1800 prisoners, were taken, 8 pieces of cannon, two howitzers, a great number of musquets of the enemy, remain in our power. The rest of the enemy re-embarked with precipitation, having lost a great number of men, who were drowned in their attempting to escape.

The Commander of the British artillery was killed; one of the Major-Generals had his thigh taken off; another, together with 800 officers, as well superior as inferior, are prisoners. In short, the troops who had been disembarked were, according to the accounts of the prisoners themselves, the flower of the English army; they had been selected for the occasion; and amongst them were four companies of the Guards, and the whole regiment of the Prince of Wales.

You will hardly repress your indignation, Citizen Representatives, at learning, that the plans of the enemy were seconded by traitors at Ostend. The cries of "Long live King George!"—"Brave English!" were heard there; the national cockade was insulted, and the arms of the volunteers employed in manning the batteries, for want of artillerymen, were broken by some traitors. Those atrocious acts shall not remain unpunished; but it cannot be denied, that the slow progress of the ordinary tribunals is insufficient to the punishment of those who should be struck down with the rapidity of the thunderbolt. You will consider, Citizen Representatives, of the propriety of declaring, by a law, that the traitors who by any means give encouragement during an attack to the enemies of the Republic, shall be tried by a military commission.

The Directory invites you to take this message into your earliest consideration. MERLIN, President.

FRENCH ARMY IN SWITZERLAND.

Extract of the dispatches of Citizen Mungowril, President of the French Republic in Switzerland, dated the 18th and 20th May—

"We have been obliged to come to blows with those men whom we wish so much to call brothers. All means of conciliation have been exhausted, in order to reduce the insurgents of some districts of Haute Valais, who are the more furious, as they are actuated by fanaticism.—About two thousand men of the French army marched on the 17th May, at three o'clock in the morning, and at eight they were in sight of the insurgents, to the number of ten thousand men, who were intrenched on the Bridge of Morge. The charge was beat, and our troops twice passed the Morge up to their waists in water. The resistance was the most obstinate; every post was defended to the last—at length, numbers gave way to valour, and the enemy were compelled on all sides to retreat.

"Having taken refuge in the city of Sion, they hung out the white flag. Trusting to this mark of submission, our troops were on the point of entering the city, when they were fired upon by a masked battery. Some brave men fell by this fire, but it only animated the remainder to vengeance. They overcame every obstacle, and they took the place. The streets were covered with the bodies of the rebels; among whom we found eight Priests, in their sacerdotal habits. They excited the zeal of these fanatics, by the distribution of chaplets, relics, &c. The rebels lost eight hundred men, eight pieces of cannon, and seven stand of colours. We have to regret the loss of 50 Frenchmen. It is unnecessary to say the French fought valiantly: All their steps are marked with triumph: They do not say now they are going to fight, but to victory. There was not one Frenchman, from the General to the drummer, who did not behave well. All the districts, except that of Conche's, have laid down their arms and submitted."

TOULON, May 19.

It is certain that General Buonaparte embarked this morning at 10 o'clock, on board Admiral Bruey's ship L'Orient, (ci-devant Sans Culottes) a three decker. The fleet set sail with a favourable wind. The transports, with the infantry and cavalry, got under weigh at day-break with eight frigates. The fleet consists of 15 ships of the line and 18 frigates. The transports, to the number of 400, are off Hieres. Four Spanish frigates are just arrived, they have not seen any enemy in the Mediterranean.—The female citizen Buonaparte remains on shore.—An immense number of infantry, with artillery, vast quantities of mortars, howitzers, furnaces, bombs, grape, and canister shot, with ammunition and men of letters, have been put on board; astronomers, geometricians, and artists of every sort. The convoy from Genoa consisted of 38 sail, with 10,000 men on board.

Buonaparte has made a present of a pair of pistols to Admiral Brueys, and has given a port-folio to the Commissary Najac, with an inscription upon it. He assured Madame Buonaparte that he should see her again very soon. Kleber, Berthier, and other Generals, are embarked.

The following is the list of the squadron.

BRUEYS, Vice Admiral, Commander.
VILLENUVE, Rear Admiral.
DUCHEILA, Rear Admiral.
DECRESY, Rear Admiral.
DUMANOIR, Chief of Division, commanding the Convoy.

SHIPS OF THE LINE.

Ships.	*Guns.*	*Commanders.*
L'Orient	120	Captain Casa Bianca
The William Tell	80	—— Saunier
Le Tonnant	80	—— Du Petit Thouars
Le Franklin	80	—— Gillet
L'Aquilon	74	—— Thevenard, sen.
Le Genereux,	74	—— Lejoille
Le Mercure	74	—— Lalonde
L'Heureux	74	—— Etienne, jun.
Le Guerier	74	—— Trulet, sen.
Le Timoleon	74	—— Trulet, jun.
Le Peuple Souverain	74	—— Racors
Le Conquerant	74	—— Dalbarade
Le Spartiate	74	—— Emerillau.

Five frigates of 40 guns, one of 36, and ten others under 14 guns.

LONDON PRICES, MAY 28.

LEATHER, per lb.

Butts 50 to 60 lb 14½d to 15½d—Ditto 60 to 80 lb 16d to 17d—Merchants Backs, 14½d to 14½d—Dressing Hides, 16½d to 17½d—Fine Coach Hides, 17½d to 18½d—Crop Hides for cutting, 16d to 17d—Flat Ordinary, 15d to 16d—Calf Skins, 40 to 50 lb per doz. 24d to 27d—Ditto, 60 to 80 lb 23d to 26d—Ditto 80 to 120 lb 22d to 24d—Small Seals (Greenland) 76s to 84s per doz.—Large ditto, 140s to 160s per doz.—Tanned Horse Hides, 28s to 38s per hide—Goat Skins, 20s to 45s per doz.—Price of Bark per load 15l 0s to 15l 10s.

TALLOW.

St James's Market	2s 11d	Town Tallow	50s to 51
Clare Market	2s 11d	Russia do (cand)	48s to 52
Whitechapel Market (per stone of 8lb)	2s 11d	Russia do (soap)	48s to 49
	8s 9d	Melting Stuff	42s to —
		Ditto Rough	29s to 30
		Graves	9s —
Average price	2s 11d	Good Dregs	9s per Cwt.

Yellow Soap, 72s.—Mottled, 78s.—Curds, 82s

CORN EXCHANGE, JUNE 4.

	s.	s.	d.		s.	s.	d.
English Wheat,	35	48	0	Malt,	37	39	0
Essex,	50	53	0	Fine,	—	40	0
Barley,	26	30	0	New Oats,	20	23	0
Fine,	31	34	6	Meal,	23	28	0
Fine Flour,	40	45	0				

—*STOCKS.*—

No business done being the Anniversary of HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH DAY.

CITY OF EDINBURGH.

SECOND BALLOT FOR MILITIA.

THE LORD LIEUTENANT and DEPUTY LIEUTENANTS for the County of the City of Edinburgh, Canongate, Leith, Easter and Wester Portsburgh, have appointed the Second Ballot for these Districts, on FRIDAY next at eleven o'clock forenoon, in the usual places.

JAMES JACKSON, Pres.

Council Chamber, Edinburgh, 6th June 1798.

GEORGE INN, STONEHAVEN.

JAMES CAMPBELL, from Aberdeen, has just fitted up, in a very complete manner, a commodious INN, with Stables and Offices, near the Bridge, Stonehaven, where the utmost attention will be given to the accommodation and entertainment of travellers and others. His stock of Wines and Liquors are of the best quality.

Post Chaises and able drivers on the earliest notice.

To the CREDITORS *of*

Messrs. AITCHISONS and BROWN, and AITCHISON, BROWN and CO. sometime Distillers at St Clements Wells.

THE Trustee intimates, that a final scheme of division of the whole trust funds is now made out by the accomptant named in the deed of accession, which scheme will remain open for the inspection of all concerned, at the office of Mr Peat, the agent in the trust, until Friday the 29th curt.

The trustee further intimates, that on that day he will attend at Mr Peat's office, from one to three o'clock, for the purpose of paying the dividends. It is requested that the creditors will bring with them their grounds of debt, and such of them as cannot attend personally, will specially authorise their doers to sign the discharges to the trustee, and the individual partners of the Company.

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—JUNE 7.

IRELAND.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS.

DUBLIN CASTLE, JUNE 2, 1798.

Accounts have been received from Major General DUNCAN, at New Ross, stating, that Major General FAWCETT having marched with a company of the Meath regiment from Duncannon Fort, this small force was surrounded by a very large body between Taghmon and Wexford, and defeated. General FAWCETT effected his retreat to Duncannon Fort.

This morning was received a letter from Colonel L'ESTRANGE, of the King's county militia, which states that the town of Newtown Barry had been attacked yesterday morning by a very large force from Vinegar Hill.

They surrounded the town in such a manner that Col. L'ESTRANGE at first retreated in order to collect his force—he then attacked the rebels in Newtown Barry, drove them out with great slaughter, and pursued them several miles, until night obliged him to return.—The rebels were in very great force.

Col. L'ESTRANGE's detachment consisted of 230 of the King's county militia, 17 dragoons, and about 100 yeomen. Col. L'ESTRANGE speaks in the highest terms of the conduct of the troops, and attributes much praise to Major MARLEY, who volunteered on the occasion.

The rebels lost above 500 men.

The picquet guard of yeomen commanded by Mr CORNWALL surprised in the night a party of rebels trying to enter Carlow, and completely defeated them.

Extract of a letter from Waterford, May 29.

"By a gentleman who arrived here on Sunday evening from Enniscorthy, we learn that on Saturday night a body of United Irishmen attacked the house of BUCKLEY, of Rockspring, (Lieutenant in the Earl of MOUNTNORRIS's corps of yeomanry cavalry) which they burned to the ground. An express was instantly sent off to the above Nobleman at Camolin, and in a short time his corps, assisted by detachments of the Enniscorthy and Heathfield corps, together with Captain RICHARDS and Lieutenant JACOB, of the Enniscorthy cavalry, Captain GROGAN, of the Heathfield cavalry, and a detachment of Captain CORNOCK's infantry, proceeded for the place. An advanced guard was detached from the main body, who, on their coming to the spot, found the insurgents burning the surrounding country: They immediately commenced an attack on the yeomen, and we are sorry to state, Lieut. BUCKEY, who had the command, and a Mr DENOVAN, were killed; the remainder of the corps retreated, and having joined the main body, they advanced, attacked them with great spirit and impetuosity, and completely routed them, with the loss of about 40 killed and wounded. It was nearly an hour after Lieutenant BUCKEY and Mr DENOVAN were killed, before the main body came into action, during which interval the wretches glutted their savage fury by hacking and mangling the body of the former gentleman, having covered him all over with wounds, and served his horse in the same brutal manner.

"It is supposed there could not be less than 250 of them, some of whom had fire-arms, but in general they were armed with pikes.

"The guard still continues at the bridge. All strangers who have not got protections are arrested and examined; and those who appear to have come from proclaimed places to escape apprehension, are put in confinement.

"Last week, we understand, four or five persons of rank and fortune were arrested in the county Wexford, and committed to goal, for treasonable practices. We avoid mentioning the names we have heard, cautious of wounding the characters of others, through error.

"Yesterday evening 30 prisoners, who were taken in the neighbourhood of Nenagh, were brought in here by the Iverk cavalry, and from hence sent to the guard-ship. Among them we remarked a few of respectable appearance, one of whom, we understand, was an established clergyman, and two priests.

Extracts of letters from an Officer in the Royal Dublin Militia.

Kilcullen-bridge, May 31, 5 o'clock in the morning.

"* * * * I had just arrived at Kildare * * * * * * when General DUFF ordered our regiment, with a strong force of cavalry and artillery to this town, where we found the Derry regiment under arms, and ready to march. The General, who is as active as he is wise and brave, put himself at their head, and, with the cavalry and artillery, proceeded to Blackmore hill, where, 'tis said, 8 or 10,000 are collected. He will no doubt give a good account of them. Our regiment begged to be employed, and to march immediately—Sir JAMES told us he could not think of harrassing men who had already marched 90 miles in three days.

"Sir JAMES deserves great praise—when the communication was for six days stopped between Dublin and Limerick, and that no advice had been sent to him by Government, he resolved to cut his way to the capital. For this purpose, he took six hundred men, cavalry, artillery, and infantry—the latter of our regiment. They marched the first 70 miles in 50 hours, of which they slept only four—arrived at Kildare, they heard of the fate of Lieutenant GIFFARD, and that 6000 of the rebels were drawn upon the Curragh. The troops pushed on—they did not permit the artillery to fire, but fell upon the villains, and took ample revenge for their fellow-soldier. Four hundred of the rebels lay strewed upon the plain—the principal murderer was taken alive and hanged on a car in the town of Kildare."

MONASTEREVAN, JUNE 1.

"General DUFF, who will save this country if it can be saved, marched on Wednesday night against the rebels on Blackmore-mountain. He arrived early on Thursday morning, immediately stormed their camp, from whence they fled to a still higher mountain scarcely passable; the General brought his cannon to the very top of Blackmore, and by way of shewing them the effect of arms, threw three or four shells amongst the fugitives, but so nimble were the wretches, that not above 13 or 14 were killed by them.

"Last night the General marched us here; but this morning the Colonel and four companies went back to Kildare; the Major, artillery, and three companies remain here. We every moment expect to march towards the county Wicklow.

"In the rebel camp at Blackmore hill, when it was stormed, the pots were all filled with choice provisions boiling for breakfast; there were lying on the ground several fat bullocks and sheep, houghed to prevent their escape;—their tents were formed of fine large Wilton carpets, bed-hangings, window-curtains, sheets, table-cloths, &c. they had great quantities of meal, bacon, butter, &c. fine feather beds, and good horses.—This camp was intended for a much greater number than had assembled, but, by the activity of our beloved General, defeated their projects."

DUBLIN, June 2.

By the driver of one of the mail coaches that arrived this morning, it is reported that last night a vast body of insurgents entered Kilcook, and forced along with them every man they could lay hold of. They also took all the horses they could find, among which were 16 that were in the mail coach stables, so that the coachman was obliged to drive one set of cattle 30 miles.

The insurgents have not kept possession of the town.

In consequence of some encreased apprehensions entertained, the several yeomanry guards at the out-posts and in the city, were augmented last night to double the usual number. The cause assigned by rumour for this precaution is, that great numbers of suspicious persons had been observed to come into town these two or three mornings past.

Yesterday arrived in town two companies of the Reay Fencibles, after a very fatiguing march, which were billeted by Mr DAWSON, high constable, on the different houses in Sackville-street; their quarters were comfortable, and the inhabitants were well satisfied to have them as a protection. To-morrow four companies of the same regiment will march into town, and will be equally well accommodated, as the high constable will attend for that purpose.

Wednesday two troops of the Mid-Lothian cavalry, and a strong detachment of flying artillery, with two field pieces, and a howitzer, arrived at Waterford. In the evening they marched to the county of Wexford.

Thursday, a man who had been in the capacity of under-steward to the Right Hon. DAVID LATOUCHE, and another named FENNEL, the owner of gardens at Portobello, were hanged upon the Old-bridge, according to the sentence of a military tribunal. The former was convicted of aiding armed insurgents in an attack upon his master's house near Rathfarnham. The latter having knocked down a soldier, and rescued prisoners.

Yesterday, RAYMOND, one of the St Sepulchre's corps was hanged on the Old-bridge, pursuant to the sentence of a Court-martial, for having conspired the death of young Mr MATURINE, one of his officers. The deluded man was an inhabitant of Back-lane. Another of the same corps has been taken into custody, implicated in the same charge, but has not yet been tried.

Lieutenant CLINCH, of the Rathcool yeomanry, was yesterday clearly convicted of a conspiracy with the rebels to destroy the corps which he commanded, and surrender the town of Rathcool to the rebels.

A Roman Catholic clergyman was on Thursday brought up to town from the neighbourhood of Rathcool, a prisoner, who is accused of being an abettor to the rebels in that part of the country.

All the accounts from Carlow of the mad attempt made by the rebels upon that garrison, agree in stating their loss to have exceeded four hundred men killed, besides great numbers wounded. Deceived by the retreat of the centinels, and certain of victory, they had crowded into the narrow pass of Tullow Street, to the number of a thousand men, when the garrison fell upon them. After a single discharge, the rebels attempted to fly—but no passage was left open—a troop of dragoons already in the rear had possession of every avenue to the street, and a dreadful fire of musketry kept up in front soon devoted the wretched victims to despair and death.—A few were so happy as to escape by forcing a passage through the houses, but many of them were overtaken and hanged the following day; and so strict a search is making for the remainder, that it is thought not one of the persons concerned in the attempt can escape the hand of justice.

The number of insurgents killed at Carlow and the vicinity is considerable. The return from persons in office in that town, states that 630 have fallen, exclusive of those that have been killed in various parts of the county. The whole number, we are informed is not less than 2000.

An additional number of ordnance, mostly of the battering kind, have been drawn to the military post at the Pigeon-house. Mortars of a large calibre, have also been sent thither.

Books have been opened at the house of the Right Hon. DAVID LATOUCHE and Co. for making provision for the wives and children of such as have fallen, or may fall in the present contest.

It is generally understood here, that the present disturbances have been set on foot by the Catholics to endeavour to possess themselves of the Government; in consequence of which it is thought part of their indulgences will be taken away.—They have long been crying out for emancipation and reform, in which many Protestants also joined them, but their pretext is now seen through. Government is now stronger than ever. Dr LINDSAY visits Lord E. FITZGERALD daily. The balls he received when apprehended have not yet been extracted; but he is not dangerously ill.

Forty of the persons who were apprehended, have received indictments to stand trial in Dublin on 11th inst.

Vast numbers of people in the county of Dublin are daily taking the oaths of allegiance.

Great devastation has been committed by the rebels in the county of Wicklow. They have burned all the houses in Ballymore, except three. The Marquis of DOWNSHIRE's beautiful hunting lodge at Blessington, which cost upwards of 4000l. is demolished, and a handsome inn, built at his Lordship's expence. The Earl has been obliged to fly to town, and it is feared the beautiful house of Rosborough will share the fate of its neighbours. The rebel party that committed the excesses in that neighbourhood, consisted of above 700 men, who were all armed with well made pikes and pistols, and were as infuriate as the most barbarous savages.

Wednesday, JOHN WHITE Esq. Captain Commandant of the Upper Coasts Fuzileers, with a party of that corps, apprehended two of the members of the St Sepulchre's yeomanry, charged as murderous conspirators, with others, to shoot their officer and some of the corps inimical to their plans; but, by the timely exertions of Captain WHITE, their horrid design has been frustrated.

One FITZGERALD, now in custody, charged with treasonable practices, has confessed that he was present when a ballot took place among a rebel party for a General, and has given in the name of a well-known character in this city, a respectable tradesman; who has had experience in military manœuvres, as having been appointed to that station, and who was on Wednesday not to be found at home.

A gardener belonging to Mr BYRNE, a respectable gentleman at Cabintely, was apprehended a few days ago on a charge of being concerned with the rebels who now agitate this country. He flatly denied the charge at first, but very strong proof being against him, he underwent a flogging in Lehaunstown camp. After enduring a number of lashes, he confessed his enormity, and that he intended to have murdered his master, and several others.

The Captain of the rebel party he belonged to, he said, was a man named THOMAS BURNE, who kept a public house at the sign of the Burne's arms, Cornell's Court, on the Bray road, near the camp, who had the pikes of the rebel company. This leader was immediately arrested, who also denied the charge, and affected to treat it in a ludicrous manner—but on searching his house, 58 pikes were found, whereupon he was carried off to Lehaunstown camp, where the scourge, we hear, has been administered to bring forth discoveries that may prevent the spilling of human blood.

Thursday night, a party of the Liberty-Rangers found a ruffian asleep on the banks of the canal, with the head of a pike in his pocket, and took him into custody. He attempted to escape, was fired on, and shot in the thigh. He confessed to be a spy for the rebels.

A man named SHANNON, who acted as principal footman in the Mayoralty-house to every Chief Magistrate, for many years past, and had a good salary, was taken into custody this week, it having been discovered that he was one of the sworn rebels of the present day. It seems his friends had agreed to let him fill the office of Lord Mayor for three years.

However ridiculous and incredible transactions may appear to those who are not immediately in the metropolis, or not using an attentive eye to what is going forward, yet such appear to take place that stagger all belief—it has come out that the well-known Mr HORESH, the chimney sweeper, who has made some money, advanced 200l. to buy pikes and fire arms for the insurgents, and that he had agreed to accept Lord CHARLEMONT's demesne, at Marino, as a compensation.

On Sunday last, two companies more of the Reay fencibles arrived, who were quartered by Mr DAWSON, high constable, according to his instructions, on the noblemen and gentlemen of Martion Square; and on Monday, five companies of the same regiment were quartered on the inhabitants of Stephen's Green, who cheerfully received them, as did also every other person on whom they were quartered.

Extract of a letter from an Officer in Carlow, dated Thursday last.

"A court-martial has been sitting here these two days; numbers have been hanged and shot, among whom are many yeomen. Sir EDWARD CROSBIE is said to be deeply implicated; he is now in custody, but not yet tried."

Another letter from the same, dated yesterday.

"Executions still going on here—both shooting and hanging; and in consequence of the measures adopted, we have a daily and numerous surrender of pikes and other arms taking place."

Extract of a private Letter from Carlow, June 1. 1798.

"All is now in a good train here, and I hope tranquillity will soon be restored, as the people begin now to see their folly when it is too late—thousands are coming in voluntarily with their pikes, and throwing themselves on our mercy—exemplary punishment has been and will be inflicted on the commanders, but I believe no more of the lower orders will be hung.

"Sir Richard Butler's steward, who was to have murdered all Sir Richard's family, was hanged this day, and his head fixed on the jail; in short all those and their families who were not in the plot, were to have been massacred.

"The killed here, on the late attack of Carlow, exceeds belief, I may say at least 500; every day more bodies are found in the ditches and ruins of the houses, and many falling out of the chimnies, completely baked, where they had fled for shelter from the fury of the soldiers, who, to a man, behaved with the greatest steadiness.

"In the county of Wexford they have been guilty of many horrid murders; but I am convinced, from the force that is sent against them, they must soon submit.

"I hope this business will open the eyes of the northerns, as nothing short (I am convinced) of an entire massacre of the Protestants was intended. All the confessions of the dying fully prove this; and many have told myself that it was their object, as they never could expect power until they had cut down all their enemies.

"Colonel and Mrs WOLSELY were prisoners at Ballimore; but the army coming up in time, saved them from destruction."

From Dublin there is no direct advices to-day, as no mail is dispatched from thence on Sunday, but by means of a correspondent near Donnaghadee, we have been favoured with a very interesting letter, dated Carlow, June 1. which our readers will see above.

In the preceding columns, our readers will find extracts from the French papers, which have been received down to the 29th May.—The most important article is that which states that General BUONAPARTE embarked on board the Toulon fleet, the 19th, and sailed the same day, with 15 sail of the line, 18 frigates; about 400 transports, with troops, &c. were at the island of Hieres to join in the expedition, which is as yet a profound secret.

Is Buonaparte, says a Paris writer, going to Egypt, to Ireland, to Scotland, to London, or to Jamaica?—Why should he sail from Toulon to go to either England, Scotland, or Ireland?—Why should he take men of science with him, if he is going to Lisbon, or to Jamaica?—Why should we attack Naples at the moment when we are sending an Ambassador there?—He must then be going to Egypt—but what should he do there! Why join the Mediterranean to the Red Sea, by cutting through the Isthmus of Suez. It would require thirty years to make this canal navigable. This enterprize would not be productive of that peace with England to which we wish to force them. It cannot, therefore, be to Egypt that he is going. We recollect, that in the dispatches of Buonaparte from Italy, he often speaks of Macedon, which gave birth to Alexander, and which was the spot whence this Conqueror set off to make himself master of Asia, which is the inexhaustible spring whence the English derive their riches. It is therefore to Asia that Buonaparte is going.—Indeed I know nothing about it.

Copy of a letter from Lieut. Gen. RALPH DUNDAS, to the Right. Hon. HENRY DUNDAS.

NAAS, 24th May 1798, at night.

SIR,

Unacquainted with Mr ERSKINE of Dun, I request you will be pleased to take the painful task upon you, of communicating to him the loss he has this day sustained in Captain ERSKINE, of the 9th Regiment of Dragoons, who was killed by my side, in an action against the rebels: A youth ever to be lamented, whose gallantry kept pace with his other distinguished virtues. I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) R. DUNDAS, Lieut. Gen.

Married on Monday, in Greenock, Mr WILLIAM M'IVER, merchant in Liverpool, to Miss ANN CLARK.

Married, upon the 3d current, JOHN BENNET, Esq. Surgeon in Edinburgh, to Mrs SCOTT M'Leggie.

Died, on the 30th ult. Miss ANNE HAMILTON, youngest daughter of John Hamilton, Esq. of Dumfries.

On the 26th of January died, Mr ALEX. JOPP of Kingston in Jamaica, son to the late James Jopp, Esq. of Cotton.

Yesterday, the 1st (or STRATHSPEY) Fencible regiment, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel CUMMING GORDON, was reviewed in Burntsfield Links by Major-General CAMPBELL, accompanied by Lord ADAM GORDON, the Duke of BUCCLEUGH, the Duke of MONTROSE, and several other respectable Officers.—The regiment went through their manœuvres, firings, and manœuvres to the satisfaction of the General and spectators, who were pleased to express their entire approbation.—They were dressed in their new clothing, according to the late regulation.—On Friday and Saturday, we understand, the regiment marches to Leith, Musselburgh, Prestonpans, and North Berwick.

The PEMBROKE Cavalry, from Hamilton, marched to Musselburgh on Friday to encamp.

The Princess of Wales's, the Berwickshire, the Lancashire, and the Dumfriesshire regiments of cavalry;—and the Glengary, the Nottingham, and the Chester fencible regiment of infantry, are ordered to Ireland, and are daily expected to land at Donaghadee. Many others, particularly infantry, received orders to hold themselves in readiness to follow at the shortest notice.

Monday night a toy-shop at the Netherbow, possessed by a poor woman, was set on fire by some boys throwing squibs, which communicated to some other squibs, &c. which were in the shop. A quantity of goods were consumed; but fortunately the fire was confined to the shop, which is in a wooden tenement.

Arrived at the Star Inn, Ayr—The Marquis of HUNTLY, and the Honourable Captain RAMSAY, on their way to Ireland, Col. BURGOYNE, Col. SCUDAMORE, and the Officers of the Essex regiment of dragoons.

In consequence of an advertisement by DAVID RINLOCH of Gourdie, one of the Deputy Lieutenants for the county of Perth, signifying, that it was the wish of his Grace the Duke of ATHOL, the Lord Lieutenant, that he should raise a company of Volunteers in his district. No less than 180 came forward, and were inrolled in the two parishes of Clunie and Caputh, between Friday the 25th and Wednesday the 30th of last month. Such an instance of loyalty and public spirit in two comparatively small country parishes, does infinite honour to all concerned.

Since the great improvements of the Steam Engine, it is astonishing to what a variety of manufactures this useful machine has been applied; yet it does not a little excite our surprise, that one is used for the trifling object of grinding chocolate; it is, however, a fact, or at least, we are credibly informed, that Mr FRY of Bristol, the maker of the famous Churchman's Chocolate, has in his new manufactory, which he has lately erected, one of these engines (improved by Mr JONES, an ingenious mill-wright of that city,) for the sole purpose of manufacturing chocolate and cocoa. Either the consumption of this little article must far exceed our ideas; or, which we think much more likely, a very large portion of what is drank in this kingdom must be made by him.

Among the company who were present in the Parliament House on Monday to celebrate his Majesty's birth-day, were MONSIEUR, MONSEIGNEUR LE DUC DE BERRI, and Suite.

From all parts of the country, we are informed that his Majesty's birth-day was celebrated with every demonstration of loyalty.

PERTH, June 4. 1798.

This being the anniversary of his Majesty's birth-day, the same was celebrated here with the usual solemnities, by ringing of bells, &c.—At mid-day, the Rutlandshire Cavalry, and both battalions of the Royal Perth Volunteers, marched to the North Inch, and discharged three vollies of their small arms, and in the evening the Magistrates and Town Council, with the Military Officers and other gentlemen, repaired to the Glovers Hall, where the healths of his Majesty and the Royal Family, with other loyal toasts, were drunk under repeated discharges of musketry by a party of the Rutlandshire cavalry; and the day was concluded with every demonstration of joy, and unfeigned attachment to our most gracious Sovereign, and our present happy Constitution.

Shipping Intelligence.

—*ARRIVED AT LEITH*—

June 4. Glasgow Packet, Taylor, from London, goods—London and Berwick Packet, Ward, from do do—Coldstream Packet, Ord, from do do——51 Bacches, Duntan, from Hamburgh, do——6. Kerry, Adamson, from do do—Trafficker, Yule, from do do—Industry, Smith, from do do—Meanwell, Findlay, from Inverness, wheat—Three sloops with coals.

—*CLEARED OUT*—

Brothers, Garriock, for Kirkwall, no—Duke of Leinster, Laughton, for do do—Catherine and Isobell, Nairn, for Perth, do—London Packet, Ramsay, for London, do—Berwickshire Packet, Cummings, for do do—Fortitude, Stevenson, for Inverness, do—Hawk, Tod, for Anstruther, do—Christian, Miller, for Thurso, do.

Wind W.—Moderate.

Extract of a Letter addreſſed to Sir JAMES GRANT of Grant, Bart. and by him tranſmitted to the Lord Provoſt of Edinburgh.

Duthill, May 4. 1798.

So ſoon as it was known that a General Contribution in aid of Government was to be made throughout Scotland, your tenants in the pariſh of Glenchernich were ſolicitous to come forward in ſo laudable a meaſure, as a teſtimony of loyalty and attachment to their King and Conſtitution. Having met the 19th day of April at Duthill, by appointment, the ſums annexed to theirſ everal ſubſcriptions were collected.

The cheerfulneſs and good humour with which every individual came forward could not fail to be highly gratifying.—Conſidering the population of the pariſh, they have made no ſmall exertion, and are willing, if need be, to give a more convincing proof, by hazarding their lives in defence of the valuable bleſſings they enjoy.

Subſcriptions in the Pariſh of Glenchernich.

Including the new aſſeſſment.

Alexander Grant of Tullochgriban —	L. 60	0 0
Major Grant of Auchterblair —	21	0 0
Reverend Mr Grant, miniſter —	10	10 0
Over and above all taxes.		
William Grant, Farragin — —	2	2 0
James Grant, Delrachnie —	2	2 0
John Grant, Avemore — —	1	1 0
Alexander Cumming, Dochart —	5	5 0
Daniel Cruickſhank, Delrachnie —	1	0 0
Lieutenant John Grant, Kenchirdy —	1	1 0
John Fraſer, Mullachard — —	5	5 0
Donald Cumming, Lethendry —	1	1 0
Robert Cumming, Beannach —	1	1 0
Lachlan Macqueen, Alanteper —	1	1 0
Alexander Gordon, Smith, Duthill —	1	0 0
John Cumming, Lethendry —	1	1 0
James Cumming, Deſhar — —	1	1 0
William Cruickſhank, Gallovie —	0	5 0
Robert Grant, Kinveachie —	0	5 0
Donald Mackenzie, Lochanwhullie —	0	5 0
Sweton Grant, Deſhar — —	0	10 6
John Grant, Lynchurn —	0	10 6
Donald Gow, ſervant, Delbuiack —	0	2 6
Peter Cumming, Inchtornach —	0	4 0
James Robertſon, Farragin —	0	4 0
Alexander Macgrigor, Deſhar —	0	5 0
James Stuart, ſervant, Tullochgriban	0	4 0
James Grant, weaver, Mullochard —	0	2 0
Andrew Grant, Idon — —	0	5 0
Alexander Macdonald, Knockgranaſh —	0	1 6
John Smith, Ellach — —	0	1 6
Gilbert Cumming, merchant, Delrachnie	0	2 0
Peter Macdonald, Roinaglarfarin —	0	1 0
James Cameron, Tullochgriban —	0	5 0
William Macgilvray, ſchoolmaſter, Duthill	0	5 0
John Grant, Tordow — —	0	2 0
James Robertſon, Lethendry —	0	1 0
Alexander Macdonald, Slack —	0	1 0
John Grant, Delbuiack — —	0	2 0
Lewis Grant, Lethendry — —	0	1 6
John Grant, *alias* MacCubray, Slack —	0	1 0
John Macintoſh, Milntown — —	0	1 0
Donald Cameron, Shanval — —	0	1 0
John Grant, Balnuſtrait — —	0	1 0
Peter Millar, Dalnahalnich —	0	1 6
James Macpherſon, miller, Duthill —	0	1 0
John Macgilvray, Lethendry — —	0	1 0
Peter Grant, Stranaſhach —	0	1 0
Robert Cameron, Inchhuan — —	0	1 0
Donald Grant, Delrachniebegg —	0	1 0
John Grant, Tullochgriban — —	0	2 0
John Cumming, Kinveachie —	0	1 6
James Cumming, Ancormack —	0	2 0
Duncan Macdonald, merchant, Tullochgriban	0	8 0
Donald Kennedy, Tullochgribanbegg —	0	3 0
David Roſs, Garrucher —	0	1 0
William Macdonald, Lethendry —	0	1 0
John Biſſet, Delvult — —	0	1 0
Hugh Macgilvray, Deſhar — —	0	1 0
John Mackenzie, Delnaratrick —	0	1 0
Hugh Fraſer, Avemore — —	0	1 0
Peter Grant, Delrachniebegg —	0	1 6
Donald Cumming, Tullochgriban —	0	4 0
Thomas Fraſer, Docharr —	0	1 0
Alexander Cooper, Delrachnie —	0	1 0
James Urquhart, Deſhar — —	0	3 0
John Calder, Avenlachan —	0	2 0
Donald Grant, Drumullie, — —	0	2 6
Alexander Mackenzie, Eaſter Duthill —	0	3 0
Alexander Mackenzie, Slack —	0	1 6
Duncan Cameron, Ferragin — —	0	3 0
William Urquhart, Deſhar —	0	3 0
John Grant, Drumullie — —	0	3 0
Hugh Macdonald, Eaſter Duthill —	0	2 6
Peter Grant, Kinveachie — —	0	3 0
John Macintoſh, Delnahalnich —	0	5 0
Donald Grant, Granaſh — —	0	5 0
John Grant, Eaſter Avemore —	0	3 0
John Wright, hoſtler, Avemore —	0	3 0
James Macgrigor, Drumullie — —	0	2 0
John Macdonald, foreſter — —	0	5 0
John Macgrigor, miller, Avemore —	0	1 0
John Macbean, Avenlachan —	0	5 0
Alexander Murray, Delrachnie —	0	1 0
John Macdonald, Avemore — —	0	5 0
John Urquhart, Gartinbeg —	0	3 0
John Grant, Gartinbeg — —	0	3 0
Alexander Macintoſh, Ille — —	0	4 0
Donald Macgrigor, Drumullie —	0	2 6
Alexander Macgrigor, Alenlia — —	0	4 0
John Cameron, Carr — —	0	4 0
John Roſs, Burn of Duthill —	0	2 0
James Smith, Eaſter Duthill —	0	1 0
Peter Cameron, Inverlaidnan — —	0	2 0
David Cameron, Gallovie — —	0	10 6
Peter Cumming, Duthill —	0	10 6
William Cameron, Slack — —	0	2 0
John Grant, Slack — —	0	1 0
Ronald Macdonald, Inverlaidnan —	0	3 0
Alexander Macintoſh, cooper — —	0	5 0
Alexander Macpherſon, Carr —	0	2 0
Alexander Macbean, Carr — —	0	2 0
Donald Shaw, poet to the Highland Society	0	2 0
Duncan Grant, tailor, Tullochgriban, —	0	5 0
William Macgrigor, Gartinbeg —	0	2 0
John Macgrigor, Gartinbeg — —	0	2 0
Alexander Roſe, ſervant to Major Grant, Auchterblair	0	4 0
William Cumming, ditto — —	0	4 0
Duncan Macgilvray, ditto —	0	4 0
Duncan Macpherſon, ditto — —	0	4 0
Angus Macpherſon, ditto — —	0	4 0
Thomas Macleod, ditto — —	0	4 0
John Gordon, cow-herd, ditto —	0	1 0
Lewis Roſe, calf-herd, ditto —	0	1 0
Ann Macpherſon, ditto — —	0	2 0
Elizabeth Grant, ditto — —	0	2 0
Catharine Macgilvray, ditto —	0	2 0
Alexander Grant, Eaſter Avemore —	0	5 0
Angus Grant, ditto — —	0	2 0
Peter Grant, Lynphail —	0	2 6
John Grant, ſaw-miller — —	0	5 0
John Mackenzie, Belnuſtrait —	0	1 0
Duncan Grant MacCubray, Slack —	0	3 0
Charles Jack, Idon — —	0	3 0
John Macdonald, ſervant to Mr Grant, miniſter, Duthill	0	4 0
John Cameron, ditto — —	0	4 0
Angus Macintoſh, herd, ditto —	0	2 0
Iſabel Macpherſon, ditto — —	0	2 0
Iſabel Roſs, ditto — —	0	2 0
Elſpet MacCook, ditto — —	0	2 0
Robert Stuart — —	0	1 0
John Macbean, jun. Avenlachan —	0	1 6
Duncan Macdonald, Avemore —	0	1 6
Duncan Grant — —	0	5 0
Alexander Macintoſh, ſhepherd, Kinchirdy	0	2 6
Robert Cruickſhank, labourer —	0	1 0
Servants of Docharr — —	0	14 0
Robert Grant, *alias* Moir, Inverlaidnan —	0	1 0
John Machain, ſervant, Delrachnie —	0	1 0
Mr Cumming, of the Exiſe —	0	2 6
John Kennedy, Tullochgribanbegg —	0	3 0
James Roſs, tailor —	0	1 0
Lachlan Grant, ſhoemaker —	0	1 0
John Macgilvray, tailor — —	0	1 0
Evan Macdonald — —	0	2 0
Duncan Macdonald — —	0	2 0
James Grant, Balinluian —	0	1 0

Subſcriptions in the Town of Kinghorn.

Rev. Mr John Uſher, miniſter	L. 3	3 0
David Greig	1	1 0
Andrew Gibb	1	1 0
Mrs Greig, ſen.	0	5 0
Thomas High	0	2 6
James Duncan	0	5 0
Balfour Lamb	0	1 6
John Gourdlay	0	2 6
James Ballantine	0	2 6
John Lamb	0	1 0
Mathew Lamb	0	2 0
David Lamb	0	2 0
William Balmain	0	5 0
George Black	1	1 0
Alexander Hutchiſon	0	5 0
David Walkie	0	2 0
Robert Hunter	0	2 0
Thomas Kinard	0	2 6
Euph. Ritchie	0	2 6
James Cameron	0	5 0
Mrs Meldrum	0	10 6
Mrs Dempſter	0	10 6
Charles Hope, Eſq. Proveſt, over and above taxes, and beſides his ſubſcription in Edinburgh of 150l.	20	0 0
David Bruce	1	1 0
David Robertſon	10	10 0
Henry Darney	0	10 6
Andrew Crombie	0	10 6
Robert Morriſon	1	1 0
John Hutton	5	5 0
David Moffat	2	2 0
Robert Ferlie, waiter	0	5 0
Mrs Ireland	0	5 0
James Rymer	0	5 0
Wm. Galloway, hoſtler	0	1 0
John Fyfe	0	1 6
Mrs Dunbar	0	1 0
Elizabeth Toſh	0	1 0
William Moyes	0	10 6
William Reikie	0	5 6
Thomas Reikie	0	4 0
Condie Chalmers	0	5 0
William Galloway	0	2 6
William Skinner	1	1 0
Peter Hunter	0	2 6
Thomas Black	0	3 0
George Duncan	0	2 6
James Smith	0	2 6
John Black, baker	0	2 6
John Goodwillie, ſen.	0	1 0
John Goodwillie, jun.	0	1 6
Wm. Forreſter, ſhoemaker	0	2 0
Alexander Murdoch	0	5 0
Alexander Ruſſell	0	5 0
James Henderſon	0	5 0

AN ELIGIBLE FREEHOLD ESTATE IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of BESSBOROUGH, lying in the pariſh of Eccles, and county of Berwick.

This eſtate, which is completely incloſed and ſubdivided, well watered and ſheltered, contains upwards of 750 acres of good arable land. The preſent yearly rent, excluſive of any value that may be put upon the manſion-houſe and offices, garden, orchard, policies, and plantations, which are good, extenſive, and thriving, is between eight and nine hundred pounds; but, as a very large proportion of the property conſiſts of old rich graſs fields, let from year to year for paſture, or in the proprietor's natural poſſeſſion, and as the leaſe of one of the principal farms expires in two years, a very conſiderable advance may ſoon be expected, and the rent reaſonably eſtimated at 1000l. per annum. There is both ſhell and rock marle in the grounds. There is alſo on the eſtate a conſiderable quantity of very valuable Full Grown Timber, and between 40 and 50 acres of thriving Plantations, from 20 to 30 years old. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford nearly three freehold qualifications. The public burdens are ſmall, in proportion to the extent of the eſtate. In ſhort, a more deſirable purchaſe ſeldom occurs.

Thoſe whom it may ſuit may apply for farther particulars to Mr Riddell, W. S. George's Square, Edinburgh, or Mr Veatch, farmer at Merſington.

A conſiderable part of the price may remain on the eſtate, if agreeable to the purchaſer.

LANDS AND FREEHOLD QUALIFICATION *IN FIFE.*

To be SOLD by private bargain,

I. THE Lands of LOCHORE, lying in the pariſh of Ballingry, and county of Fife. The preſent rent is about 350l.; but the lands are capable of great improvement at a ſmall expence, as there is coal and lime in the neighbourhood. There is a genteel and commodious houſe built within theſe few years, with good offices, an excellent garden, and a conſiderable quantity both of old and young planting; and the property holds of the Crown, and affords a freehold qualification in the county.

II. About 138 Scots Acres of the lands of GARTMORE, in the pariſh of Ballingry, with the houſe, garden, pigeon-houſe, and offices; to be held either of the Crown or of a ſubject ſuperior. And, if agreeable to a purchaſer, as much valued rent will be added as make up a freehold qualification.

There is a good deal of planting upon the lands, which are at preſent all in graſs, and lie within two miles of the turnpike road from Queenſferry to Perth; and there is plenty of coal and lime in the neighbourhood.

III. The South Part of the Lands of WHITEHOUSE, in the pariſh of Beath, conſiſting of about 55 Scots acres, upon which there is a good ſteading of houſes.

IV. The SUPERIORITY of Lands in the county of Fife, the valued rent of which exceeds 400l. Scots, to be ſold together or in ſeparate lots.

For particulars apply to J. Syme, W. S.

SALE OF LANDS IN FIFESHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Thurſday the 19th July 1798, in the houſe of Mr David Methven, vintner in Cupar, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands of BRUNTSHIELS, conſiſting of about 195 acres, lying in the pariſh of Kilconquhar, and within four miles of Cupar the county town. The Lands are of a good ſoil in the immediate neighbourhood of coal and lime, and the greater part ſubſtantially incloſed, and the parks well watered. The purchaſer's entry to be at the term of Martinmas next, and 1000l. of the price may remain in the purchaſer's hands. The lands will be ſhown by a ſervant at Bruntſhiels houſe.

For further particulars apply to Robert Meldrum, writer St Andrews.

SALE OF THE

ESTATE OF NORTHBAR OR SEMPILLHOUSE *POSTPONED.*

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 4th day of July 1798, at two o'clock afternoon, (in place of Wedneſday the 13th June as formerly advertiſed,)

THE Eſtate of NORTHBAR or SEMPILLHOUSE, and TEINDS thereof, held of a ſubject ſuperior, lying within the pariſhes of Inchinnan and Erſkine, and ſhire of Renfrew.

The eſtate is very pleaſantly ſituated on the ſouth bank of the Clyde, about ten miles from Glaſgow, twelve from Greenock, and about three miles and a half from Paiſley, by the bridge lately built at Barnsford, two miles and a half of which is turnpike, about a mile and a half of croſs road from the Glaſgow and Greenock road, which has been lately repaired, and is nearly as good as turnpike, runs through the lands to Erſkine Ferry. From this ſituation it poſſeſſes the advantages of a communication by water carriage to Glaſgow, Paiſley, and Greenock on the Clyde, and to Leith and London by the Canal, which joins the Clyde nearly oppoſite to the lands.

There is a manſion-houſe on the eſtate, which, at a little expence, might be rendered very commodious, and a large garden, beſides a very complete ſet of offices. About the houſe, there are ſome fine old trees, and there are ſeveral acres of young plantations in a very thriving condition. There are inexhauſtible quarries of free ſtone on the eſtate, and it contains ſeveral ſprings of very fine water.

The lands are almoſt wholly arable, and of a good quality; part of them well adapted for green crops of every kind; and, having been lately ſurveyed by Mr Johnſton, land-ſurveyor, he has reported them to conſiſt of 262 Scots acres, equal to 338 Engliſh.

The lands are at preſent very low rented; but the whole will be out of leaſe this year, except one farm of about 50 acres, on the ſouth ſide, of which four years are to run, but which may be got poſſeſſion of for a reaſonable allowance to the tenant; and a ſmall farm of 13 acres, out next year. Were the whole to be now let on leaſes for a reaſonable term of endurance, Mr Johnſton has reported his opinion that they ſhould yield a rent of 552l. 10s. ſper annum.

From the ſituation and other advantages of this Eſtate, few more eligible ſpots can be found, either for a gentleman's reſidence, for villas, or a manufacturing village.

The plan of the eſtate, and ſurveyor's report, are to be ſeen in the hands of George Selkrig, accountant in Edinburgh, who is authoriſed to ſell by private bargain. Copies of the ſurveyor's report are alſo lodged with Robert Stewart, writer, Edinburgh, and Charles Crawford, writer, Glaſgow, to either of whom, or to the ſaid Charles Selkrig, application may be made for further particulars.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE LANDS of MURLING DEN and WHITELOCH in the pariſh of Brechin. Theſe lands conſiſt of about 70 Scotch acres, whereof one half has been highly improved, and the reſt is in planting of Scotch fir, and larch, aſh, oak, and other kinds of hard wood, a conſiderable part of which is fit for immediate uſe. The younger planting is in a thriving ſtate, and coming faſt forward.

There is a farm houſe, and ſuitable ſteading of office-houſes upon the lands, and many pleaſant ſituations for building on.—A fine ſtream of water runs through a beautiful den, from which the lands take their name, and from their vicinity to the town of Brechin, being within a mile of it, there is always a ready market for the produce.

Part of the arable lands are at preſent let to a tenant at 30l. of yearly rent; the reſt, and all the planting, are in the proprietor's own poſſeſſion, and may be entered to immediately.

For further particulars apply to Colin Gillies, merchant in Brechin, the proprietor, George Watſon, writer in Edinburgh, or John Sievwright, writer in Brechin.

TO BE SOLD

By Public Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 20th day of June curt, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE following FARMS, part of the Lands and Eſtate of GLESPIN, lying in the pariſh of Crawfordjohn and ſhire of Lanark—viz.

Farms.	*Tenants Names.*	*Rents.*
Bottom	Thos. M'Michael	L. 22 10 0
Greenburn	James Sloan	36 0 0
Shawhead	William Chiſholm	63 0 0
Slimingford	John French	16 5 0
Sherriffcleugh	Geo. Chiſholm	26 0 0
Parkhall & Netherhill	William Proudfoot	47 0 0
And Stonchill	James Carmichaell	52 10 0
		L. 263 5 0

The above Farms are of great extent—the firſt five are well known to be ſure Store Farms, the two laſt are partly arable, and partly good paſture land; and on the expiry of the preſent leaſes, conſiderable riſes in the rent will be got. They abound with Lead, Coal, Ironſtone, Lime, and other Minerals. They will be expoſed in one lot at 6000l, being under 25 years purchaſe of the yearly free rent.

Application may be made to Mr M'Morran at Balfron, or Thomas Smith, writer, Argyle's Square, Edinburgh.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF DUMFRIES.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, in Edinburgh, between the hours of one and three afternoon, on Wedneſday the 20th of June curt.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS AND ESTATES:

I. THE ESTATE of GRAITNEY, with the Teinds and Fiſhings, lying in the pariſh of Graitney, conſiſting of above 800 Scots acres. The preſent rent is L. 481 : 8s. excluſive of the fiſhings, and by the riſe upon one farm, the rent after Martinmas next will be 501l. 8s. This eſtate holds of the Crown, and being valued in the ceſs books at 800 merks, affords an undoubted Freehold Qualification. The great roads from Portpatrick to London, and from Glaſgow to London, run through the lands, and join at the well-known village of Graitney Green in the heart of the eſtate. The lands and ſea-port of Highford, at the mouth of the river Sark, on the Solway Frith, are part of the eſtate, and the proprietor has there a right of ſalmon fiſhing. This eſtate is now wholly incloſed and ſubdivided, and the fences in very complete order, and there are remarkably good farm houſes on the different farms. But the principal farms of the eſtate were let in the 1784, upon leaſes for 21 years, before theſe improvements took place, without any progreſſive rent, and are poſſeſſed by opulent and ſkilful tenants. The manſion-houſe of this eſtate is at preſent occupied as an inn;—but being large, and having been lately thoroughly repaired, is well ſuited for the accommodation of a genteel family, having good offices, a garden, and orchard, and being ſurrounded by a conſiderable quantity of full grown trees.

II. The Seven Merk Land of old extent of FLEEMING, with the teinds of the ſame, lying in the pariſh of Kirkpatrick Fleming, conſiſting of 339 Scots acres. Moſt of theſe lands are let upon improving leaſes for twenty-one years from Candlemas 1793. The preſent rent is 145l. 2s. 6d. which riſes progreſſively in a few years to 168l. 12s. 6d. The farms are incloſed, and partly ſubdivided with thriving hedges. The turnpike road from Glaſgow to Carliſle paſſes through theſe lands, and they are only three miles diſtant from Graitney. They hold of the Crown, and are valued ſeparately in the ceſs books at 270 merks. There is no ſtipend at preſent payable out of theſe lands.

III. The Lands and Eſtate of REIDHALL & CALVERTS HOLM, with the teinds thereof, lying in the pariſh of Kirkpatrick Fleeming, conſiſting of nearly 900 Scots acres, of which 20 acres are in thriving plantations. Theſe lands join with the eſtate of Graitney. The great road from Glaſgow to Carliſle runs through them. They were in general let for 21 years from Candlemas 1793 upon improving leaſes. The preſent rent is 308l. 17s. 6d. which riſes progreſſively to 364l. 17s. 6d. The farms are well incloſed with thriving hedges, and the farm-houſes are commodious and ſubſtantial. There is no ſtipend at preſent payable out of the lands. They hold of the Crown, and being valued *in cumulo* along with other lands, it is ſuppoſed they will afford a Freehold Qualification. The vice Patronage of the pariſh of Kirkpatrick Fleeming will be ſold along with theſe lands.

This lot includes the Mill of Redhall, rented at 20l. which will either be ſold therewith or ſeparately, as ſhall be judged moſt agreeable to purchaſers.

IV. The Lands of HAIRGILLS and DODEND, in the pariſh of Hoddam. They conſiſt of 252 Scots acres, and are let on an improving leaſe for 20 years from Candlemas 1794.—The preſent rent is 85l. which riſes progreſſively to 95l. The lands are compleetely incloſed with a ſtone dyke, which, with the farm houſe, is very ſubſtantial. They are valued in the ceſs books at 150 merks, and hold of a ſubject ſuperior.

V. The Lands of MINSCA and RISPHILL, lying in the pariſh of Middlebie, conſiſting of 472 Scots acres. There is a thriving young wood upon part of the lands. They are let to a ſubſtantial tenant for 60l. of rent, upon a leaſe which expires in eight years from Whitſunday 1798. They hold of the Crown, and are valued *in cumulo* with other lands.

VI. The Lands of GREENGATE-HOUSE, lying in the ſaid pariſh of Middlebie. They conſiſt of 165 Scots acres, and are let upon an improving leaſes, for 21 years from Whitſunday 1793. The rent at preſent is 50l. which riſes progreſſively to 58l. They hold of the Crown, and are valued *in cumulo* with other lands.

VII. The Lands of DOGSLACKS, lying in the ſaid pariſh of Middlebie, conſiſting of 43 Scots acres, let upon an improving leaſe, for 21 years from Whitſunday 1793. The preſent rent is 16l. which riſes progreſſively to 21l. Theſe lands hold of the Crown, and are valued *in cumulo* with other lands.

VIII. The Burrow Roods of STAPLEGORDON, lying in the pariſh of Langholm, and within two miles of the thriving town of Langholm. They conſiſt of 26 Scots acres, and are out of leaſe.

The preſent rent is only 7l. but the land being of good quality, and the rent not having been raiſed for many years, a very conſiderable additional rent may be expected. They hold of the Crown, and are valued *in cumulo* with other lands.

The public burdens affecting theſe lands are inconſiderable.

The whole of the lots are very low rented. By the report of gentlemen of undoubted ſkill and integrity, employed to ſurvey them, many of the farms would, if out of leaſe, bring double the preſent rent, ſome of them conſiderably more.

The lands will be ſhewn by the different tenants, and for further particulars, application may be made to Mr William Stewart, at Hillſide, near Lockerbie—Mr Keith, accomptant in Edinburgh—or Mr Craufurd Tait, W. S. Edinburgh.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, and plans of the lands, will be ſhewn upon applying to Mr Keith or Mr Tait—to either of whom, or to Mr Stewart, private offers may be made prior to the day of ſale.

N. B. Moſt of the leaſes contain various reſervations in favour of the proprietor, particularly power to reſume ground, to grant feus or long leaſes thereof for building villages, erecting manufactures, or any other purpoſe the proprietor ſhall think proper, upon allowing the tenants ſuitable abatements from their rents.

☞ By an arrangement which had taken place ſince the Eſtate of Graitney was formerly advertiſed, the purchaſer will have ceſs to the manſion-houſe of Graitney and the farm connected with it, at Martinmas next.

FARMS IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.

To be LET for 19 years,

THE FARM of UPPER NISBET, preſently poſſeſſed by John Young, and conſiſting of upwards of 1200 Engliſh acres, the greateſt part of which is rich arable ground, and the reſt good paſture lands, which are capable of great improvement.

As alſo,

The Two Farms of NETHER NISBET, as preſently poſſeſſed by Thomas and Adam Scott, and conſiſting of about Engliſh acres of rich arable ground.—Theſe two will be one farm.

Theſe farms lie in the pariſh of Crailling, and are pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the river Tiviot, within four miles of Jedburgh and ſix miles of Kelſo.

The houſes and graſs may be entered to at Whitſunday and the arable lands at the ſeparation of the preſent crop from the grounds. The ſuperior excellence of the lands in point of ſoil and climate is ſo well known as not to require to be pointed out.

J. Wilſon, the overſeer at Upper Niſbet, will ſhew the lands, and propoſals in writing may be given in either to Mr W. S. George Street, Francis Brodie, No. 20. South Castle Street, Edinburgh, or to Andrew Reid and James Henderſon, writers in Jedburgh—and ſuch offers as are not accepted of may be kept ſecret, if deſired.

FARM IN BERWICKSHIRE.

To be LET for 19 years, and entered to at Whitſunday Martinmas 1799,

THE Farm of LITTLESWINTON, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mr James Thomſon, containing 728 Engliſh acres thereby. The greateſt part of which is rich arable land, all incloſed with thriving thorn fences.

This farm, upon which there is a moſt excellent houſe, pleaſantly ſituated in the pariſh of Swinton, in that part of Berwickſhire, called the Merſe, ſix miles ſouth from Dunſe, about half-way between Berwick and Kelſo, and at a moderate diſtance from Coal and Lime.

Andrew Blair, hedger upon the eſtate, reſiding at Kendal, will ſhew the lands, and offers in writing addreſſed to Douglas Ainſlie at Cairnbank, near Dunſe, (in whoſe hands the conditions of leaſe may be ſeen), will be attended to, and ſuch as are not accepted, concealed, if deſired.

FARMS IN THE MERSE.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitſunday 1799, on leaſe for nineteen years,

THE Farm of SIMPRIM, containing 360 Engliſh acres or thereby, of fine arable land, all incloſed, with ſtrong thriving thorn hedges, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mr Peter Johnſton.

AND,

The Farm of BUTTERLAW, or Simprim Weſtmains, containing 300 Engliſh acres, or thereby, of fine arable land, alſo well incloſed with thriving thorn fences, as preſently poſſeſſed by Mr William Dickſon.

Theſe farms are agreeably ſituated in the united pariſhes of Swinton and Simprim, in the county of Berwick, ſeven miles ſouth from Dunſe, about eleven miles from Berwick and Kelſo, and at a moderate diſtance from coal and lime. They are well known in the county to be of excellent ſoil, and to produce great crops of both corn and graſs.

An incoming tenant will enter to one half of theſe farms in graſs, and one-fifth of the land in tillage, as a fallow break, with the whole dung and ſtraw in Steelbow.

Andrew Canman, hedger upon the eſtate, reſiding at Simprim, will ſhew the grounds; and offers, in writing, addreſſed to Captain Patrick Murray of Simprim, to the care of Meſſrs Dundas and Hugh Robertſon, writers to the ſignet, Edinburgh, or to Douglas Ainſlie, at Cairnbank, near Dunſe, (in whoſe hands the conditions of the leaſes may be ſeen) will be attended to, and ſuch as are not accepted concealed, if required.

WESTER BLANCE.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 13th day of June current, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of WESTER BLANCE, lying within the pariſh of Saltoun, and ſhire of Haddington, conſiſting of about 175 Scots acres of arable land.

In order to ſecure a ſale, theſe lands will then be ſet up at 3800l. ſterling, if they ſhall not be previouſly ſold by private bargain, as to which, application may be made either to the ſaid Taylor, W. S. or John Robertſon, accomptant in Edinburgh.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of William Gordon, vintner in Dundee, upon Friday the 17th day of Auguſt 1798, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS of KINCRIEGH, with thoſe parts after mentioned of the Lands of KINCALDRUM, and thir either together, or in the following lots, as purchaſers may incline.

LOT I.—Being a Part of the Lands of Kincaldrum, with the Manſion-houſe and Garden, conſiſting of 134 Scots acres of good arable land, incloſed partly with ſtone dykes, and partly with thriving hedges. The whole incloſures of theſe lands are well watered, and they are out of leaſe, ſo that the purchaſer will get immediate acceſs.

LOT II.—Being Part of the Lands of Kincreigh, conſiſting of 189 Scots acres, all arable, and capable of great improvement. The preſent leaſes terminate with crop 1799. There is a good ſtone quarry in the ground, for incloſing or building houſes; and as the land for ſome length lies along the turnpike road leading from Forfar to Dundee, it might be feued out to manufacturers to great advantage.

LOT III.—Comprifes the remainder of the Lands of Kincreigh, and the Govals, and conſiſts of 331 Scots acres.—The preſent leaſes of theſe lands expire with crop 1799.

The whole of theſe lands are contiguous to one another, and are within about ſeven miles of the town of Dundee, and five of the town of Forfar, to both which towns there is commodious and eaſy acceſs, by an excellent turnpike road lately made.

There will be attached to the above lots, if ſold together, or to one of the above lots, if ſold ſeparately, a Superiority affording a Freehold Qualification in the county, if the purchaſers incline.

The title deeds are in the hands of Frederick Fothringham and Alexander Pearſon, writers to the ſignet, to whom, or to Mr Bower the proprietor, at his houſe of Kinnettles, any perſon who is deſirous to purchaſe the whole lands, or any of the lots, by private bargain before the day of ſale, or who wiſhes for further information, may apply.

SALE OF LANDS IN LANARKSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Tueſday the 26th day of June curt, at two o'clock afternoon, either together or in ſuch lots as may be afterwards thought proper,

ALL and whole the LANDS of MARYSTON, formerly called MUTTONHOLE, and WOODS, lying in pariſh of Old Monkland and county of Lanark.

They conſiſt of 36 acres of arable ground or thereby, are pleaſantly ſituated on the banks of the Monkland Canal, within a mile and a half of the village of Airdrie, and are all incloſed, and properly ſubdivided.

There are two ſeams of coal in the grounds, which though hitherto not wrought (owing to the late proprietor having had an extenſive coal in the neighbourhood) may be ſo with great advantage.

There is a neat dwelling-houſe on the premiſſes, fit to accommodate a ſmall family, with ſuitable garden and offices adjoining.

At a ſhort diſtance from the manſion-houſe are twenty-three ſmall houſes, proper for the accommodation of tradeſmen or colliers families, and occupied as ſuch, beſides office-houſes, &c. uſed for the purpoſes of the adjoining colliery of Dundyvan.

The premiſſes are free of all feu duty and public burdens, by agreement with a former proprietor.

Alſo, at the ſame time to be ſold,

The RIGHT, during the lives of two perſons, the one about 40, the other about 44 years of age, to a HOUSE IN ST JOHN's STREET, Edinburgh, preſently poſſeſſed by Mrs Montgomery of Newton, at the rent of 42l. Sterling.

For farther particulars inquiry may be made of Robert Allan, accountant in Edinburgh, or Archibald Lundie, W. S. in whoſe hands the title deeds of Maryſton are lodged—and the grounds will be ſhewn upon applying at the houſe of Maryſton.

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